

# The Khasis



The Khasi people, endonym, Ki Khun U Hynniewtrep are an indigenous ethnic group of Meghalaya in north-eastern India, with a significant population in the Khasi (Khasi: Ka Ktien Khasi) is an Austroasiatic language spoken primarily in Meghalaya state in India by the Khasi people. It is also spoken by a sizeable Khasi were earliest immigrant tribes who came from Myanmar and settled down in the plains of east Assam. Khasi tribes reside in different parts of India like state of Assam, the Khasi Jaintia hills in Meghalaya, in Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Manipur, West Bengal and Jammu & Kashmir. PREFACE THIS book is an attempt to give a systematic account of the Khasi people, their manners and customs, their ethnological affinities, their laws and. The Project Gutenberg EBook of Folk-Tales of the Khasis, by K. U. Rafy This eBook is for the use of anyone anywhere at no cost and with. The Khasis live in Meghalaya, a land of undulating hills, rolling grasslands, Khasi-Jaintia Hills District and Garo Hills District - under the rule of Assam. record is available, it has been an accepted fact that the Khasis are in these hills for a very long time. Many Khasis believe to this day that they belong to the. Many scholars opine that the Khasis who belong to the Austro-Mongoloid groups of races were the first tribe to enter North-East India, and after. Introduction / History. The Khasi people live in the Khasi and Jaintia hills of Meghalaya. Khasi is a generic name given to various tribes and sub-tribes who live. A more recent view is that Austroasiatic speaking people such as Khasi in the northeast and Mundari in Chota-nagpur plateau (Jharkhand). THE Khasis are inhabitants of the district of Khasia and Jaintia Hills, Assam. They are short statured with a high mesocephalic head, a meso-prosopic face and a. Eco India has all the important information regarding the Khasi tribal group in india, cultural background, historical background, social conditions, economic. I have often heard it repeated over and over again especially by the Christian clergy and its fraternity that Khasis were/are not Hindus. Guwahati, May 22 (UNI) The conventional view about the origin of the Khasi people of the Meghalaya that they are a peo. The Khasi, Jaintia, Bhoi, War collectively known as the Hynniewtrep people predominantly inhabit the districts of East Meghalaya, also known. The Khasi people of north-eastern India are a matrilineal society and some men aren't happy. Meghalaya is chiefly populated by the Khasis, who have their unique set of customs and traditions. Marked with dance performances and. Over view of the Khasi traditional political structure: Traditionally, the political clan, are responsible for creating, the Syiemship in the context of the Khasi Hima. In Meghalaya, Khasi Christians have been trying to bridge the divide between the Church and their local culture. The Church is embracing. Music is integral to Khasi life, and whatever it lacks in formal sophistication of established schools and forms of music, it makes up in purity, beauty and a certain. Meghalaya is a state in the north eastern region of India. It is home of two major ethnic groups, namely the Hynniewtrep (Khasis and Jaintias). Khasi tribes enjoy a wonderful reciprocal connection with nature. They conserve the environment and preserve its rich biodiversity; in exchange, nature fulfils. Khasi tribals in Meghalaya

state traditionally raise stone memorials on significant occasions, and the Church uses them to explain its truths. It is true that the Khasi Jaintia and Garo tribes of Meghalaya practice matriliney where lineage is taken from the mother's clan. It is also true that.